

Vendor: Check Point

Exam Code: 156-110

Exam Name: Check Point Certified Security Principles

Associate (CCSPA)

Version: DEMO

QUESTION 1

A(n) ______ is a one-way mathematical function that maps variable values into smaller values of a fixed length.

- A. Symmetric key
- B. Algorithm
- C. Back door
- D. Hash function
- E. Integrity

Answer: D

QUESTION 2

INFOSEC professionals are concerned about providing due care and due diligence. With whom should they consult, when protecting information assets?

- A. Law enforcement in their region
- B. Senior management, particularly business-unit owners
- C. IETF enforcement officials
- D. Other INFOSEC professionals
- E. Their organizations' legal experts

Answer: E

QUESTION 3

How do virtual corporations maintain confidentiality?

- A. Encryption
- B. Checksum
- C. Data hashes
- D. Redundant servers
- E. Security by obscurity

Answer: A

QUESTION 4

All of the following are possible configurations for a corporate intranet, EXCEPT:

- A. Value-added network
- B. Wide-area network
- C. Campus-area network
- D. Metropolitan-area network
- E. Local-area network

Answer: A

QUESTION 5

Which of the following is NOT an auditing function that should be performed regularly?

- A. Reviewing IDS alerts
- B. Reviewing performance logs
- C. Reviewing IDS logs
- D. Reviewing audit logs
- E. Reviewing system logs

Answer: B

QUESTION 6

The items listed below are examples of _____ controls.

- A. Technical
- B. Administrative
- C. Role-based
- D. Mandatory
- E. Physical

Answer: B

QUESTION 7

Digital signatures are typically provided by a ______, where a third party verifies a key's authenticity.

- A. Network firewall
- B. Security administrator
- C. Domain controller
- D. Certificate Authority
- E. Hash function

Answer: D

QUESTION 8

Which of the following is MOST likely to cause management to view a security-needs proposal as invalid?

- A. Real-world examples
- B. Exaggeration
- C. Ranked threats
- D. Quantified risks
- E. Temperate manner

Answer: B

QUESTION 9

What is mandatory sign-on? An authentication method that:

^{*}Procedures and policies

^{*}Employee security-awareness training

^{*}Employee background checks

^{*}Increasing management security awareness

- A. uses smart cards, hardware tokens, and biometrics to authenticate users; also known as three-factor authentication
- B. requires the use of one-time passwords, so users authenticate only once, with a given set of credentials
- C. requires users to re-authenticate at each server and access control
- stores user credentials locally, so that users need only authenticate the first time a local machine is used
- E. allows users to authenticate once, and then uses tokens or other credentials to manage subsequent authentication attempts

Answer: C

QUESTION 10

One individual is selected from each department, to attend a security-awareness course. Each person returns to his department, delivering the course to the remainder of the department. After training is complete, each person acts as a peer coach. Which type of training is this?

- A. On-line training
- B. Formal classroom training
- C. Train-the-mentor training
- D. Alternating-facilitator training
- E. Self-paced training

Answer: C

Thank You for Trying Our Product

PassLeader Certification Exam Features:

- ★ More than 99,900 Satisfied Customers Worldwide.
- ★ Average 99.9% Success Rate.
- ★ Free Update to match latest and real exam scenarios.
- ★ Instant Download Access! No Setup required.
- ★ Questions & Answers are downloadable in PDF format and VCE test engine format.



- ★ Multi-Platform capabilities Windows, Laptop, Mac, Android, iPhone, iPod, iPad.
- ★ 100% Guaranteed Success or 100% Money Back Guarantee.
- ★ Fast, helpful support 24x7.

View list of all certification exams: http://www.passleader.com/all-products.html

























10% Discount Coupon Code: STNAR2014