



Vendor: ISC2

Exam Code: CAP

Exam Name: Certified Authorization Professional

Version: DEMO

QUESTION 1

DIACAP applies to the acquisition, operation, and sustainment of any DoD system that collects, stores, transmits, or processes unclassified or classified information since December 1997. What phases are identified by DIACAP?

Each correct answer represents a complete solution. Choose all that apply.

- A. Validation
- B. Re-Accreditation
- C. Verification
- D. System Definition
- E. Identification
- F. Accreditation

Answer: ABCD

QUESTION 2

Which of the following is a subset discipline of Corporate Governance focused on information security systems and their performance and risk management?

- A. Lanham Act
- B. ISG
- C. Clinger-Cohen Act
- D. Computer Misuse Act

Answer: B

QUESTION 3

Ben is the project manager of the YHT Project for his company. Alice, one of his team members, is confused about when project risks will happen in the project. Which one of the following statements is the most accurate about when project risk happens?

- A. Project risk can happen at any moment.
- B. Project risk is uncertain, so no one can predict when the event will happen.
- C. Project risk happens throughout the project execution.
- D. Project risk is always in the future.

Answer: D

QUESTION 4

You are the project manager of the NKJ Project for your company. The project's success or failure will have a significant impact on your organization's profitability for the coming year. Management has asked you to identify the risk events and communicate the event's probability and impact as early as possible in the project. Management wants to avoid risk events and needs to analyze the cost-benefits of each risk event in this project. What term is assigned to the low-level of stakeholder tolerance in this project?

- A. Risk avoidance
- B. Mitigation-ready project management
- C. Risk utility function
- D. Risk-reward mentality

Answer: C

QUESTION 5

Where can a project manager find risk-rating rules?

- A. Risk probability and impact matrix
- B. Organizational process assets
- C. Enterprise environmental factors
- D. Risk management plan

Answer: B

QUESTION 6

There are five inputs to the quantitative risk analysis process. Which one of the following is NOT an input to the perform quantitative risk analysis process?

- A. Risk register
- B. Cost management plan
- C. Risk management plan
- D. Enterprise environmental factors

Answer: D

QUESTION 7

Your project has several risks that may cause serious financial impact should they happen. You have studied the risk events and made some potential risk responses for the risk events but management wants you to do more. They'd like for you to create some type of a chart that identified the risk probability and impact with a financial amount for each risk event. What is the likely outcome of creating this type of chart?

- A. Risk response plan
- B. Quantitative analysis
- C. Risk response
- D. Contingency reserve

Answer: D

QUESTION 8

Which of the following professionals is responsible for starting the Certification & Accreditation (C&A) process?

- A. Authorizing Official
- B. Chief Risk Officer (CRO)
- C. Chief Information Officer (CIO)
- D. Information system owner

Answer: D

QUESTION 9

You are working as a project manager in your organization. You are nearing the final stages of project execution and looking towards the final risk monitoring and controlling activities. For your project archives, which one of the following is an output of risk monitoring and control?

- A. Quantitative risk analysis
- B. Qualitative risk analysis
- C. Requested changes
- D. Risk audits

Answer: C

QUESTION 10

Which of the following DoD directives is referred to as the Defense Automation Resources Management Manual?

- A. DoDD 8000.1
- B. DoD 7950.1-M
- C. DoD 5200.22-M
- D. DoD 8910.1
- E. DoD 5200.1-R

Answer: B

QUESTION 11

The phase 3 of the Risk Management Framework (RMF) process is known as mitigation planning.

Which of the following processes take place in phase 3?

Each correct answer represents a complete solution. Choose all that apply.

- A. Identify threats, vulnerabilities, and controls that will be evaluated.
- B. Document and implement a mitigation plan.
- C. Agree on a strategy to mitigate risks.
- D. Evaluate mitigation progress and plan next assessment.

Answer: BCD

QUESTION 12

Gary is the project manager of his organization. He is managing a project that is similar to a project his organization completed recently. Gary has decided that he will use the information from the past project to help him and the project team to identify the risks that may be present in the project. Management agrees that this checklist approach is ideal and will save time in the project.

Which of the following statement is most accurate about the limitations of the checklist analysis approach for Gary?

- A. The checklist analysis approach is fast but it is impossible to build an exhaustive checklist.
- B. The checklist analysis approach only uses qualitative analysis.
- C. The checklist analysis approach saves time, but can cost more.

D. The checklist is also known as top down risk assessment

Answer: A

QUESTION 13

What are the subordinate tasks of the Initiate and Plan IA C&A phase of the DIACAP process? Each correct answer represents a complete solution. Choose all that apply.

- A. Develop DIACAP strategy.
- B. Assign IA controls.
- C. Assemble DIACAP team.
- D. Initiate IA implementation plan.
- E. Register system with DoD Component IA Program.
- F. Conduct validation activity.

Answer: ABCDE

QUESTION 14

Information risk management (IRM) is the process of identifying and assessing risk, reducing it to an acceptable level, and implementing the right mechanisms to maintain that level. What are the different categories of risk?

Each correct answer represents a complete solution. Choose all that apply.

- A. System interaction
- B. Human interaction
- C. Equipment malfunction
- D. Inside and outside attacks
- E. Social status
- F. Physical damage

Answer: BCDEF

QUESTION 15

Neil works as a project manager for SoftTech Inc. He is working with Tom, the COO of his company, on several risks within the project. Tom understands that through qualitative analysis Neil has identified many risks in the project. Tom's concern, however, is that the priority list of these risk events are sorted in "high-risk," "moderate-risk," and "low-risk" as conditions apply within the project. Tom wants to know that is there any other objective on which Neil can make the priority list for project risks. What will be Neil's reply to Tom?

- A. Risk may be listed by the responses in the near-term
- B. Risks may be listed by categories
- C. Risks may be listed by the additional analysis and response
- D. Risks may be listed by priority separately for schedule, cost, and performance

Answer: D

QUESTION 16

In which type of access control do user ID and password system come under?

- A. Administrative
- B. Technical
- C. Power
- D. Physical

Answer: B

QUESTION 17

You and your project team are identifying the risks that may exist within your project. Some of the risks are small risks that won't affect your project much if they happen. What should you do with these identified risk events?

- A. These risks can be accepted.
- B. These risks can be added to a low priority risk watch list.
- C. All risks must have a valid, documented risk response.
- D. These risks can be dismissed.

Answer: B

QUESTION 18

Your project uses a piece of equipment that if the temperature of the machine goes above 450 degree Fahrenheit the machine will overheat and have to be shut down for 48 hours. Should this machine overheat even once it will delay the project's end date. You work with your project to create a response that should the temperature of the machine reach 430, the machine will be paused for at least an hour to cool it down. The temperature of 430 is called what?

- A. Risk identification
- B. Risk response
- C. Risk trigger
- D. Risk event

Answer: C

QUESTION 19

Adrian is the project manager of the NHP Project. In her project there are several work packages that deal with electrical wiring. Rather than to manage the risk internally she has decided to hire a vendor to complete all work packages that deal with the electrical wiring. By removing the risk internally to a licensed electrician Adrian feels more comfortable with project team being safe. What type of risk response has Adrian used in this example?

- A. Mitigation
- B. Transference
- C. Avoidance
- D. Acceptance

Answer: B

QUESTION 20

James work as an IT systems personnel in SoftTech Inc. He performs the following tasks:

- Runs regular backups and routine tests of the validity of the backup data.
- Performs data restoration from the backups whenever required.
- Maintains the retained records in accordance with the established information classification policy.

What is the role played by James in the organization?

- A. Manager
- B. User
- C. Owner
- D. Custodian

Answer: D

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