



Vendor: IBM

Exam Code: C2090-555

Exam Name: Informix Dynamic Server V11.50
Fundamentals Exam

Version: DEMO

QUESTION 1

Why would you want to create a table with a lock mode row as opposed to a lock mode page?

- A. to have the highest level of contention within transactions operating on the table
- B. to reduce the number of locks when accessing rows out of the table
- C. to have increased concurrency
- D. to keep more information in memory for each locked row

Answer: C

QUESTION 2

Click the Exhibit button.

Client 1 does:

```
begin work;  
update tab1 set col1 = 25 where col1 = 20;
```

Client 2 then does:

```
begin work;  
set isolation to committed read;  
select * from tab1 where col1 = 20;
```

In the exhibit, which statement is true regarding the select statement of Client 2 if both of the clients are connected to the same logged database?

- A. Client 2 will select the rows that had col1=20 and were updated to have col1=25 by Client 1.
- B. Client 2 will get an error that the "record is locked" or the "table is locked".
- C. Client 2 will keep waiting for client 1 to finish its transaction.
- D. Client 2 will return successfully without selecting any rows.

Answer: A

QUESTION 3

Which two steps are necessary to enable encryption with the Communication Support Modules? (Choose two.)

- A. Add an entry to the conccsm.cfg file.
- B. Add an entry to the options column of the sqlhosts file or registry.
- C. Set the CSMENConconfig variable.
- D. Set the encryption flag in the encrypt_db table in the sysadm database.

Answer: AB

QUESTION 4

Click the Exhibit button.

Client 1 does:

```
begin work;  
set isolation to repeatable read;  
select * from tab1 where col1 = 20;
```

Client 2 then does:

```
begin work;  
update tab1 set col2 = 25 where col1 = 20;
```

In the exhibit, which statement is true regarding the update statement of Client 2 if both of the clients are connected to the same logged database?

- A. Client 2 will update col2 of the rows having col1=20.
- B. Client 2 will get an error that the "record is locked" or the "table is locked".
- C. Client 2 will keep waiting for client 1 to finish its transaction.
- D. Client 2 will return successfully without updating any rows.

Answer: B

QUESTION 5

Click the Exhibit button.

Client 1 does:

```
begin work;  
update tab1 set col1 = 25 where col1 = 20;
```

Client 2 then does:

```
begin work;  
set isolation to dirty read;  
update tab1 set col1 = 30 where col1 = 25;
```

In the exhibit, which statement is true regarding the update statement of Client 2 if both of the clients are connected to the same logged database?

- A. Client 2 will update col1 of the rows having col1=20 that were updated to have col1 = 25 by client 1.
- B. Client 2 will get an error that the "record is locked".
- C. Client 2 will keep waiting for client 1 to finish its transaction.
- D. Client 2 will return successfully without updating any rows.

Answer: B

QUESTION 6

What are two ways to create table t1 with row level locking? (Choose two.)

- A. Execute command "create table t1 (c1int) locking row".
- B. Execute command "create table t1 (c1int) lock mode row".
- C. Execute command "create table t1 (c1int) lock level row".
- D. Set DEF_TABLE_LOCKMODE to ROW in ONCONFIG before executing "create table t1(c1 int)".

Answer: BD

QUESTION 7

Which two statements are true about the COMMIT WORK statement? (Choose two.)

- A. The keyword WORK is optional.
- B. The COMMIT WORK statement releases all row locks but not table locks.
- C. All of the successful modifications that the transaction makes are saved to disk when you issue a COMMIT WORK statement.
- D. A new transaction automatically starts after each COMMIT WORK or ROLLBACK WORK statement in an online database.

Answer: AC

QUESTION 8

In which three places may a function be used in a SELECT statement? (Choose three.)

- A. in the select (or projection) list
- B. in a group by clause
- C. in a sub query
- D. in a predicate
- E. in a cube definition

Answer: ACD

QUESTION 9

Which statement will change the column address1 to a null value?

- A. UPDATE customer
SET address1 = null WHERE customer_num = 134;
- B. UPDATE customer
SET address1 = '123 New Street',
SET address2 = null WHERE customer_num = 134;
- C. UPDATE customer
SET address1 = ""
WHERE customer_num = 134;
- D. UPDATE customer
SET address1 = null,
SET address2 = null WHERE customer_num = 134;

Answer: A

QUESTION 10

Which keyword is used to determine whether a comparison is true for every value returned from a sub query?

- A. NOT
- B. ALL
- C. SOME
- D. EVERY

Answer: B

QUESTION 11

You can use a "role" to enforce which two kinds of security or access control in an instance and/or its data? (Choose two.)

- A. Access to data within a table at a row and column level.
- B. Access to data based on the types of tasks to be performed.
- C. Control which user(s) may or may not create databases.
- D. Control which user(s) may or may not execute administrative functions.

Answer: BD

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