

Vendor: IBM

Exam Code: A2090-558

Exam Name: Assessment: Informix Fundamentals 11.70

Assessment

Version: DEMO

QUESTION 1

Under which of the following conditions does the LAST COMMITTED option have an effect on the COMMITTED READ isolation level?

- A. Row level lock
- B. Page level locking
- C. RAW or unlogged tables
- D. Tables containing complex data types

Answer: A

QUESTION 2

You have a database server environment where all databases use buffered logging. In which two conditions are the logical-log buffers in shared memory flushed to the logical log on disk? (Choose two.)

- A. When the buffer is full.
- B. When a checkpoint occurs.
- C. When a user issues a begin work.
- D. When a user commits the transaction.
- E. When a user rolls back the transaction.

Answer: AB

QUESTION 3

What are two ways to create table t1 with row level locking? (Choose two.)

- A. Execute the command "create table t1 (c1 int) locking row".
- B. Execute the command "create table t1 (c1 int) lock level row".
- C. Execute the command "create table t1 (c1 int) lock mode row".
- D. Set DEF_TABLE_LOCKMODE to ROW in ONCONFIG before executing "create table t1(c1 int)".
- E. Set the environment variable DEF_TABLE_LOCKMODE to ROW before executing "create table t1(c1 int)".

Answer: CD

QUESTION 4

Click the Exhibit button.

```
create database stores with log;
create raw table client
(
id int,
name char(20),
address char(20)
) in rootdbs;
create index client_idx1 on client(id);
```

An administrator created a table using the SQL statement shown in the exhibit to perform a load operation every day at 11:00 AM. What is the best way to optimize a backup strategy to recover the client table in case of a failure?

- A. a level-1 backup at 6:00 AM everyday
- B. a level-0 backup soon after the load operation
- C. a level-1 backup on Sunday and continuous log backup
- D. a level-2 backup at 6:00 AM every day and continuous log backup

Answer: B

QUESTION 5

Which command option should be used to resume an interrupted onbar restore?

A. -RETRY

- B. -RESTART
- C. -REINTIIALZE
- D. -BEGIN_AGAIN

Answer: B

QUESTION 6

Click the Exhibit button.

Client 1 does:

begin work; set isolation to repeatable read; select * from tab1 where col1 = 20 for update;

Client 2 then does:

begin work; update tab1 set col2 = 25 where col1 = 20;

In the exhibit, which statement is true regarding the update statement of Client 2 if both of the clients are connected to the same logged database?

- A. Client 2 will update col2 of the rows having col1=20.
- B. Client 2 will return successfully without updating any rows.
- C. Client 2 will keep waiting for client 1 to finish its transaction.
- D. Client 2 will get an error that the "record is locked" or the "table is locked".

Answer: D

QUESTION 7

Why would you want to create a table with a lock mode row as opposed to a lock mode page?

A. to reduce disk I/O

- B. to keep more information in memory for each locked row
- C. to increase concurrency among multiple users on the same table
- D. to reduce the number of locks when accessing rows out of the table

Answer: C

QUESTION 8

Which isolation level is appropriate if you do not want your query to place any locks?

- A. Dirty Read
- B. Cursor Stability
- C. Committed Read
- D. Repeatable Read

Answer: A

QUESTION 9

Which of the following is true about system catalog tables access?

- A. Only user informix can read system catalog tables
- B. Only system administrators can read system catalog tables
- C. Only database administrators can read system catalog tables
- D. Any user that can connect to the database can read system catalog tables

Answer: D

QUESTION 10

How can you determine which databases are created in an instance?

- A. use dbschema utility
- B. inspect ONCONFIG file
- C. List reserved pages with oncheck -pr
- D. run SELECT name FROM sysmaster:sysdatabases

Answer: D

QUESTION 11

When restoring data, which granularity of object may NOT be restored?

- A. a single table
- B. a single chunk
- C. a single dbspace
- D. an entire instance

Answer: B

QUESTION 12

Which command would you execute to restore to a specific moment-in-time?

- A. onbar -t timestamp
- B. onbar -r -log lognum
- C. onbar -r -t timestamp
- D. onbar -r -l timestamp

Answer: C

★ Instant Download ★ PDF And VCE ★ 100% Passing Guarantee ★ 100% Money Back Guarantee

Thank You for Trying Our Product

PassLeader Certification Exam Features:

- ★ More than 99,900 Satisfied Customers Worldwide.
- ★ Average 99.9% Success Rate.
- ★ Free Update to match latest and real exam scenarios.
- ★ Instant Download Access! No Setup required.
- ★ Questions & Answers are downloadable in PDF format and
 VCE test engine format.



- ★ Multi-Platform capabilities Windows, Laptop, Mac, Android, iPhone, iPod, iPad.
- ★ 100% Guaranteed Success or 100% Money Back Guarantee.
- ★ Fast, helpful support 24x7.

View list of all certification exams: <u>http://www.passleader.com/all-products.html</u>



10% Discount Coupon Code: STNAR2014