

**Exam Code:** HP0-512

**Exam Name:** Replication Solutions for the HP  
StorageWorks EVA

**Vendor:** HP

**Version:** DEMO

## Part: A

1: Which two can be failed over during a Continuous Access EVA planned or unplanned event?  
(Select two.)

- A. copy set
- B. DR group
- C. managed set
- D. a single HSV controller

**Correct Answers: B C**

2: Which events can you see in the Replication Solutions Manager?

- A. only events that are related to DR groups
- B. only the Continuous Access specific events
- C. only events that are related to managed sets
- D. all EVA events for the subsystems that are part of the Continuous Access environment

**Correct Answers: D**

3: Which replication method provides highest redundancy within Business Copy?

- A. snapshot from a parent disk group
- B. snapshot from a non parent disk group
- C. fully allocated snapshot from a parent disk group
- D. demand allocated snap from a non parent disk group

**Correct Answers: B**

4: One of two intersite links fails on a Continuous Access EVA high availability configuration.  
Which two statements are true? (Select two.)

- A. I/O operations transfer from one fabric to the other.
- B. If failsafe is enabled, then host I/O operations will stop.
- C. Replication Solutions Manager will report a broken connection.
- D. All DR groups on the affected path will fail over to other controllers.

**Correct Answers: A C**

5: Which two statements about managed sets are true? (Select two.)

- A. DR groups may belong to only one managed set.
- B. Managed sets can be created from Command View.
- C. Managed sets can be created from Replication Solutions Manager.
- D. Managed sets may include DR groups from multiple storage systems.
- E. Managed sets may include DR groups only from a single storage system.

**Correct Answers: C D**

6: Why must dynamic load-balancing be turned off for all hosts in a Continuous Access EVA configuration?

- A. to ensure that write order of all host I/Os is maintained
- B. to ensure that you do not exceed hosts I/O queue depth

- C.to ensure that hop count does not exceed maximum of two
- D.to ensure that hosts do not use different load-balancing policies

**Correct Answers: A**

7: What happens by default when a copy set is deleted?

- A.The source and destination Vdisks are destroyed.
- B.The source and destination Vdisks are preserved.
- C.Only the source Vdisk is preserved; the destination Vdisk is destroyed.
- D.Only the destination Vdisk is preserved; the source Vdisk is destroyed.

**Correct Answers: B**

8: On a Continuous Access EVA, how can you clear the failsafe-locked condition? (Select two.)

- A.restore the ISLs
- B.delete the DR group
- C.disable failsafe mode
- D.resume the DR group
- E.change failsafe property in copy set

**Correct Answers: A C**

9: Which two statements about Business Copy (BC) are true? (Select two.)

- A.BC is limited to 16 EVA storage systems.
- B.BC host are automatically discovered by RSM.
- C.BC supports an unlimited number of EVA storage systems.
- D.BC requires a storage system to hold a raw capacity based license.
- E.BC supports an unlimited number of servers running the RSM host agent.

**Correct Answers: A E**

10: Which two inputs does the Continuous Access EVA Replication Performance Estimator require? (Select two.)

- A.throughput per second
- B.two-way intersite latency
- C.one-way intersite latency
- D.size of a read data packet
- E.number of I/O's per second
- F.size of the write data packet

**Correct Answers: C F**