Vendor: Palo Alto Networks

Exam Code: PCNSE7

Exam Name: Palo Alto Networks Certified Network Security Engineer

Version: DEMO

QUESTION 1
A company.com wants to enable Application Override. Given the following screenshot:
Which two statements are true if Source and Destination traffic match the Application Override policy? (Choose two)

A. Traffic that matches "rtp-base" will bypass the App-ID and Content-ID engines.
B. Traffic will be forced to operate over UDP Port 16384.
C. Traffic utilizing UDP Port 16384 will now be identified as "rtp-base".
D. Traffic utilizing UDP Port 16384 will bypass the App-ID and Content-ID engines.

Answer: CD
Explanation:
An application override policy is changes how the Palo Alto Networks firewall classifies network traffic into applications. An application override with a custom application prevents the session from being processed by the App-ID engine, which is a Layer-7 inspection.
https://live.paloaltonetworks.com/t5/Configuration-Articles/How-to-Create-an-Application-Override-Policy/ta-p/60044

QUESTION 2
Which three fields can be included in a pcap filter? (Choose three)

A. Egress interface
B. Source IP
C. Rule number
D. Destination IP
E. Ingress interface

Answer: BCE

QUESTION 3
What are three possible verdicts that WildFire can provide for an analyzed sample? (Choose three)

A. Clean

B. Bengin
C. Adware
D. Suspicious
E. Grayware
F. Malware

Answer: BEF
Explanation:
The WildFire verdicts are: Benign, Grayware, Malware.
https://www.paloaltonetworks.com/documentation/70/pan-os/pan-os/monitoring/log-severity-
levels-and-wildfire-verdicts

QUESTION 4
A logging infrastructure may need to handle more than 10,000 logs per second.
Which two options support a dedicated log collector function? (Choose two)

A. Panorama virtual appliance on ESX(i) only
B. M-500
C. M-100 with Panorama installed
D. M-100

Answer: AD

QUESTION 5
What are three valid method of user mapping? (Choose three)

A. Syslog
B. XML API
C. 802.1X
D. WildFire
E. Server Monitoring

Answer: BCE

QUESTION 6
A host attached to ethernet1/3 cannot access the internet. The default gateway is attached to
ethernet1/4. After troubleshooting. It is determined that traffic cannot pass from the ethernet1/3 to
ethernet1/4. What can be the cause of the problem?

A. DHCP has been set to Auto.
B. Interface ethernet1/3 is in Layer 2 mode and interface ethernet1/4 is in Layer 3 mode.
C. Interface ethernet1/3 and ethernet1/4 are in Virtual Wire Mode.
D. DNS has not been properly configured on the firewall

Answer: B
Explanation:
In a Layer 2 deployment, the firewall provides switching between two or more interfaces. Each
group of interfaces must be assigned to a VLAN object in order for the firewall to switch between
them.

In a Layer 3 deployment, the firewall routes traffic between ports. An IP address must be assigned to each interface and a virtual router must be defined to route the traffic. Choose this option when routing is required.
https://www.paloaltonetworks.com/documentation/70/pan-os/pan-os/getting-started/basic-interface-deployments

QUESTION 7
Which two statements are correct for the out-of-box configuration for Palo Alto Networks NGFWs? (Choose two)

A. The devices are pre-configured with a virtual wire pair out the first two interfaces.
B. The devices are licensed and ready for deployment.
C. The management interface has an IP address of 192.168.1.1 and allows SSH and HTTPS connections.
D. A default bidirectional rule is configured that allows Untrust zone traffic to go to the Trust zone.
E. The interfaces are pingable.

Answer: BC
Explanation:
B: The licence should be available in an email from the Palo Alto corporation.
C: In order to configure the Palo Alto Next-Generation Firewalls (NGFW), we need to connect our laptop to the management port and assign our laptop with the IP address from the 192.168.1.2-192.168.1.254 range, because the default management IP address of PA is 192.168.1.1:
https://popravak.wordpress.com/2014/07/31/initial-setup-of-palo-alto-networks-next-generation-firewall/

QUESTION 8
A network engineer has revived a report of problems reaching 98.139.183.24 through vr1 on the firewall. The routing table on this firewall is extensive and complex.
Which CLI command will help identify the issue?

A. test routing fib virtual-router vr1
B. show routing route type static destination 98.139.183.24
C. test routing fib-lookup ip 98.139.183.24 virtual-router vr1
D. show routing interface

Answer: C
Explanation:
This document explains how to perform a fib lookup for a particular destination within a particular virtual router on a Palo Alto Networks firewall.
1. Select the desired virtual router from the list of virtual routers configured with the command:
> test routing fib-lookup virtual-router <value>
2. Specify a destination IP address:
> test routing fib-lookup virtual-router default ip <ip address>
https://live.paloaltonetworks.com/t5/Learning-Articles/How-to-Perform-FIB-Lookup-for-a-Particular-Destination/ta-p/52188

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