



Vendor: Fortinet

Exam Code: FCP_FMG_AD-7.4

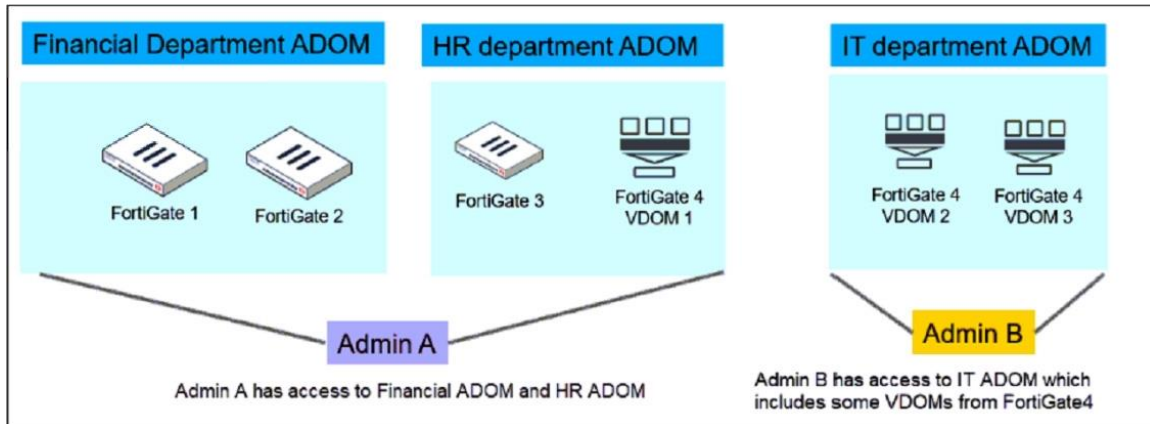
Exam Name: FCP - FortiManager 7.4 Administrator

Version: DEMO

QUESTION 1

Refer to the exhibit. An administrator would like to create three ADOMs on FortiManager with different access levels based on departments.

What two conclusions can you draw from the design shown in the exhibit? (Choose two.)



- A. The FortiManager administrator must set the ADOM device mode to Advanced.
- B. Policies and objects databases can be shared between the Financial and HR ADOMs.
- C. An administrator with the super user profile can access all the VDOMs.
- D. The administrator must configure FortiManager in workspace normal mode.

Answer: AC

QUESTION 2

Which two items does an FGFM keepalive message include? (Choose two.)

- A. FortiGate IPS version
- B. FortiGate license information
- C. FortiGate configuration checksum
- D. FortiGate uptime

Answer: AC

Explanation:

Keepalive messages, including the configuration checksums, are sent from FortiGate at configured intervals.

The messages also show the intrusion prevention system (IPS) version of the FortiGate device

QUESTION 3

Refer to the exhibit. Given the configuration shown in the exhibit, which two conclusions can you draw from the installation targets in the Install On column? (Choose two.)

Managed FortiGate devices

| Device Name |
|-------------------------|
| Training |
| ISFW |
| root [NAT] (Management) |
| Student [NAT] |
| Trainer [NAT] |
| Local-FortiGate* |

FortiManager policy package

| Installation Target |
|-------------------------|
| Local-FortiGate |
| ISFW |
| root [NAT] (Management) |
| Trainer [NAT] |
| Student [NAT] |

FortiManager policy package

| # | Name | Install On | From | To |
|------------------------|---------------|--|-------|-------|
| 1 | Ping_Access | ISFW (root) ISFW (Student) | port3 | port1 |
| 2 | Web | Local-FortiGate (root) ISFW (Student) | port3 | port1 |
| 3 | Source_Device | Installation Targets | port3 | port1 |
| Implicit (4/4 Total:1) | | | | |
| 4 | Implicit Deny | Installation Targets | any | any |

- A. Policy seq.S will be installed on all managed devices and VDOMs that are listed under Installation Targets
- B. Policy seq.# 3 will be skipped because no installation targets are specified.
- C. Policy seq.# 2 will not be installed on the Local-FortiGate root VDOM because there is no root VDOM in the Installation Target
- D. Policy seq.# 1 will be installed on the ISFW device root[NAT] and Student[NAT] VDOMs only.

Answer: AD

QUESTION 4

Refer to the exhibit. What can you conclude from the failed installation log shown in the exhibit?

```
-----Executing time: .-----

Starting log (Run on device)

Local-FortiGate $ config user local
Local-FortiGate (local) $ edit student
Local-FortiGate (student) $ set type ldap
Local-FortiGate (student) $ set status enable
Local-FortiGate (student) $ next
Attribute 'ldap-server' MUST be set.
Command fail. Return code 1
Local-FortiGate (local) $ end
Local-FortiGate $ config firewall policy
Local-FortiGate (policy) $ edit 2
Local-FortiGate (2) $ set srcintf port3
Local-FortiGate (2) $ set dstintf port1
Local-FortiGate (2) $ set srcaddr all
Local-FortiGate (2) $ set dstaddr all
Local-FortiGate (2) $ set action accept
Local-FortiGate (2) $ set schedule always
Local-FortiGate (2) $ set service ALL
Local-FortiGate (2) $ set users student
entry not found in datasource

value parse error before 'student'
Command fail. Return code -3
Local-FortiGate (2) $ set nat enable
Local-FortiGate (2) $ next
Local-FortiGate (policy) $ end
Local-FortiGate $

-----End of Log-----
```

- A. Policy ID 2 is installed in the disabled state.
- B. Policy ID 2 is installed without the remote user student.
- C. Policy ID 2 will not be installed.

D. Policy ID 2 is installed without a source address.

Answer: B

Explanation:

Since "users" is not mandatory, and all the other elements are set, the policy will be created.

Tested in lab:

```
Local-FG # config firewall policy
Local-FG (policy) # edit 2
new entry '2' added
Local-FG (2) # set srcintf a
Local-FG (2) # set dstintf b
Local-FG (2) # set srcaddr all
Local-FG (2) # set dstaddr all
Local-FG (2) # set action accept
Local-FG (2) # set schedule always
Local-FG (2) # set service ALL
Local-FG (2) # set users student
entry not found in datasource
value parse error before 'student'
Command fail. Return code -3
Local-FG (2) # set nat enable
Local-FG (2) # next
Local-FG (policy) # end
Local-FG # show firewall policy
config firewall policy
edit 2
set uuid 00879f84-bf81-51ee-3191-7623414c44a4
set srcintf "a"
set dstintf "b"
set srcaddr "all"
set dstaddr "all"
set action accept
set schedule "always"
set service "ALL"
set nat enable
```

QUESTION 5

In the event that one of the secondary FortiManager devices fails, which action must be performed to return the FortiManager HA manual mode to a working state?

- A. The FortiManager HA state transition is transparent to administrators and does not require any reconfiguration.
- B. Reboot the failed device to remove its IP from the primary device.
- C. Manually promote one of the working secondary devices to the primary role, and reboot the old primary device to remove the peer IP of the failed device.
- D. Reconfigure the primary device to remove the peer IP of the failed device.

Answer: D

Explanation:

If the secondary FortiManager fails, the administrator can reconfigure the primary device to remove the secondary configuration.

QUESTION 6

An administrator has assigned a global policy package to custom ADOM1. Then the administrator creates a new policy package. Fortinet. in the custom ADOM1. What happens to the Fortinet policy package when it is created?

- A. You must assign the global policy package from the global ADOM.
- B. The global policy package is automatically assigned.
- C. You must reapply the global policy package to ADOM1.
- D. You can select the option to assign the global policies.

Answer: B

Explanation:

When a new policy package is created in a custom ADOM (Administrative Domain) that already has a global policy package assigned to it, FortiManager automatically applies the global policies to the newly created policy package. This means that the global header and footer policies, which are part of the global policy package assigned to the ADOM, will be automatically included in the new policy package. This helps ensure consistency in policy enforcement across all policy packages within the ADOM and simplifies the management of common policies across different devices or sites managed within the same ADOM.

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